

History Knowledge Organiser – Autumn Term

Our history topic focuses on learning about people from the past who have done something significant that has made an impact on how we live now. These are some of the people, events and vocabulary we will be learning about and using.

Photo	Name	Why are they significant?	Vocabulary	Definition
	Karl Benz	Invented the first moving car in 1886 .	invented	made something new for the first time
	Ludwig Guttmann	Created the Paralympic Games in 1960 .	disabled	having a physical or mental condition that limits their movements, senses, or activities
	Nelson Mandela	Became the first black president of South Africa in 1994 .	apartheid	a set of rules which separates white and black people
	Emmeline Pankhurst	Helped to change the law so that women could vote in 1823 .	vote/voting	having a choice and being able to say which choice you prefer
	Rosa Parks	Helped to change the law on segregation in 1956 .	rights	a right which is believed to belong to every person
	Charles Macintosh	Invented the first waterproof raincoat in 1823 .	segregation	the separation of people
	William Booth	Founded the Salvation Army in 1865 .	waterproof	liquid cannot go through
Additional vocabulary:			homeless	without a home
			charity	an organization to help people in need
			significant	important, inspiring, influential
			history	learning about people and events from the past
			timeline	a representation of time in order

秋季學期歷史知識主題

我們的歷史主題主要了解過去的人們和他們做了那些事情改善我們現在的生活。以下是我們將使用的一些人物及其事件和關鍵詞

照片	姓名	為什麼他們很重要	關鍵詞	定義
	賓士	1886 年發明第一輛汽車	發明了	第一次發明一些新的東西
	古特曼	1960 年創辦殘奧會	殘疾人士	身體或精神狀態限制了他們的動作、感觀或活動
	曼德拉	1994 年成為南非第一位黑人總統	種族隔離	區分白人和黑人的規則
	潘赫魯斯特	1923 年幫助修改法律使婦女能夠投票	投票和投票權利	有選擇，並能夠說出你更喜愛那些選擇！每個人應有的權利！
	帕克斯	1956 年幫助修改種族隔離法	隔離	人與人的區分
	麥金托什	1823 年發明第一件防水雨衣	防水的	液體不能通過或者滲透
	威廉布斯	1865 年成立救世軍	無家可歸慈善機構	一個組織幫助有需要及無家可歸的人
附加關鍵詞：			重要的歷史時間線	重要的、鼓舞人心的、有影響力的、了解過去的人和事情、按順序表示時間

